

# Upgrading Relays? – Be Prepared

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# Upgrading Relays Discussion

Old electromechanical and solid-state relays

First-generation numeric relays

Second-generation numeric relays

Relay life expectancy

Counting the cost

Upgrade plan

Step-by-step implementation

# Old (Somewhat) Faithful Electromechanical Relays

- Swiss-watch precision
- One function per relay
- Requires frequent testing
- No relay trouble alarm
- Increasingly unreliable with age



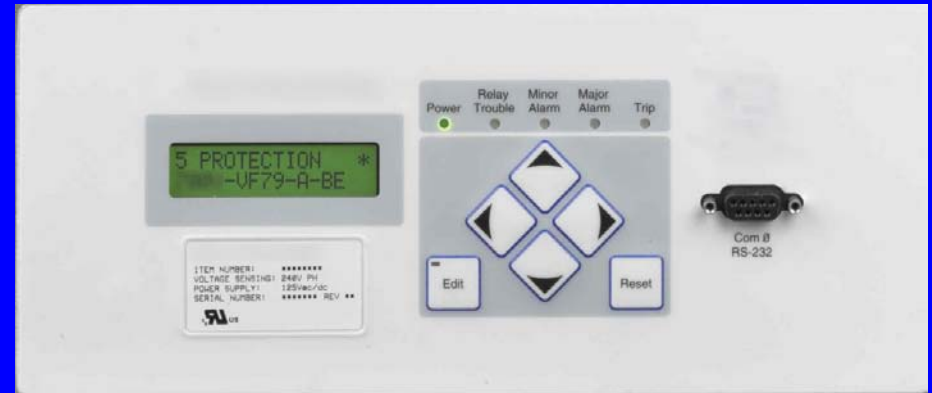
# Solid-State Relays

- Analog processing
- Some have rudimentary microprocessors
- Require frequent calibration
- Power supply trouble alarm—no process watchdog
- Capacitor shelf-life aging



# First-Generation Numeric Relays

- Digital sampling
- Rudimentary algorithms
- Poor security
- Lower-reliability components
- First true operation watchdog alarm

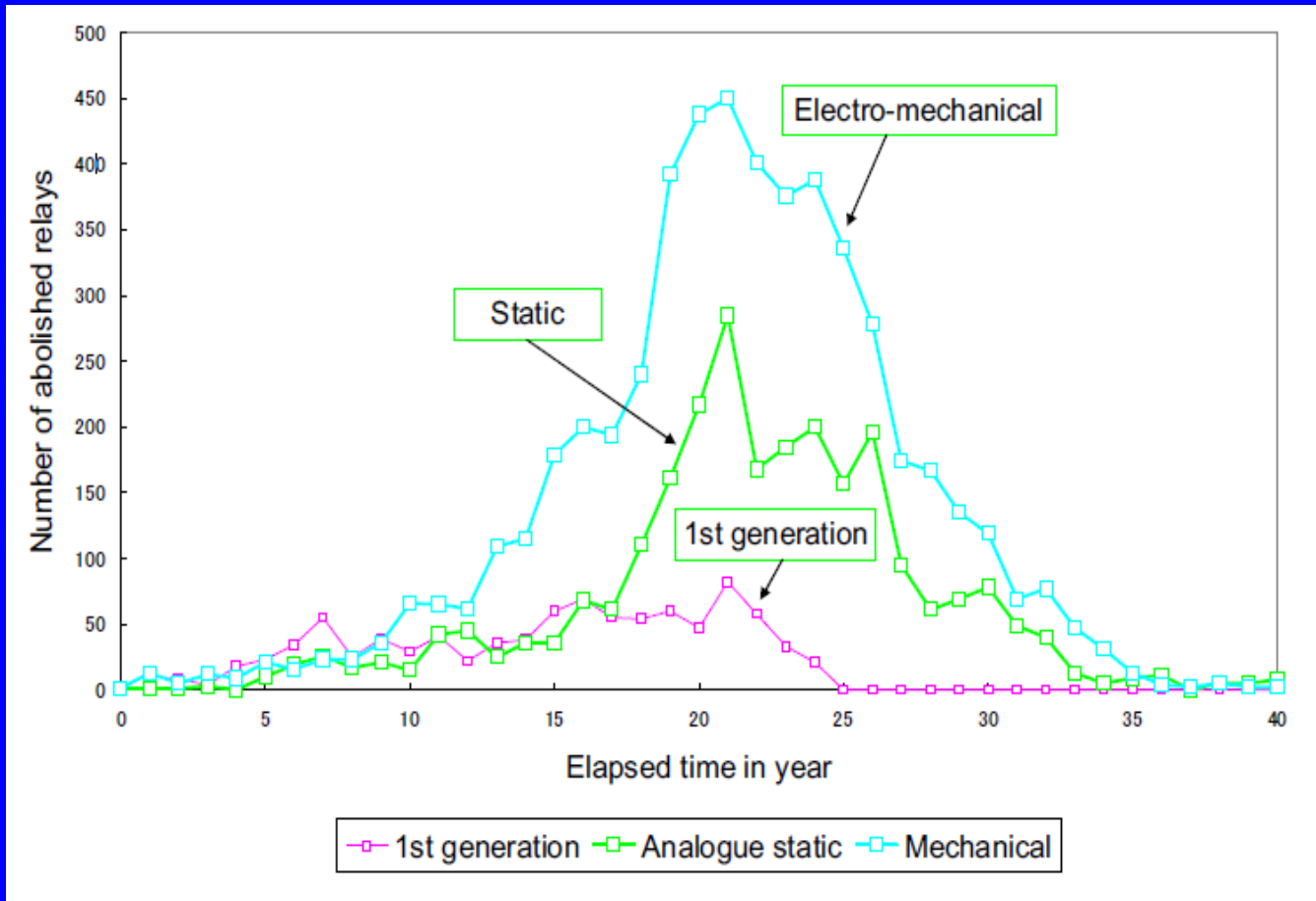


# Second-Generation Numeric Relays

- Advanced digital sampling
- Concise, fast algorithms
- Improved security, logging
- Watchdog alarm for hardware and software
- Expanded com protocols and Ethernet
- USB serial



# Crucial Upgrade Timing



Track relay failures—know when to replace

# Costs As a Function of Time

## Least Unit Life-Cycle Cost

$$C(t) = \frac{C_L(t)}{\tau}$$

$$C_L(t) = C_d + C_x \int_0^t \rho(t) dt + C_t \frac{MTTR}{MTTF} \int_0^t \rho(t) dt$$

- $C_L(t)$  – unit life-cycle cost
- $C_d$  – relay cost
- $C_x$  – maintenance cost
- $C_t$  – out-of-service cost



# Mean Time To ...

- MTBF
  - Mean Time Between Failure
  - For repaired and reinstated relays
  - Keep large
- MTTF
  - Mean Time To Failure
  - Better measurement if no repair
  - Keep large
- MTTR
  - Mean Time To Repair
  - Keep small

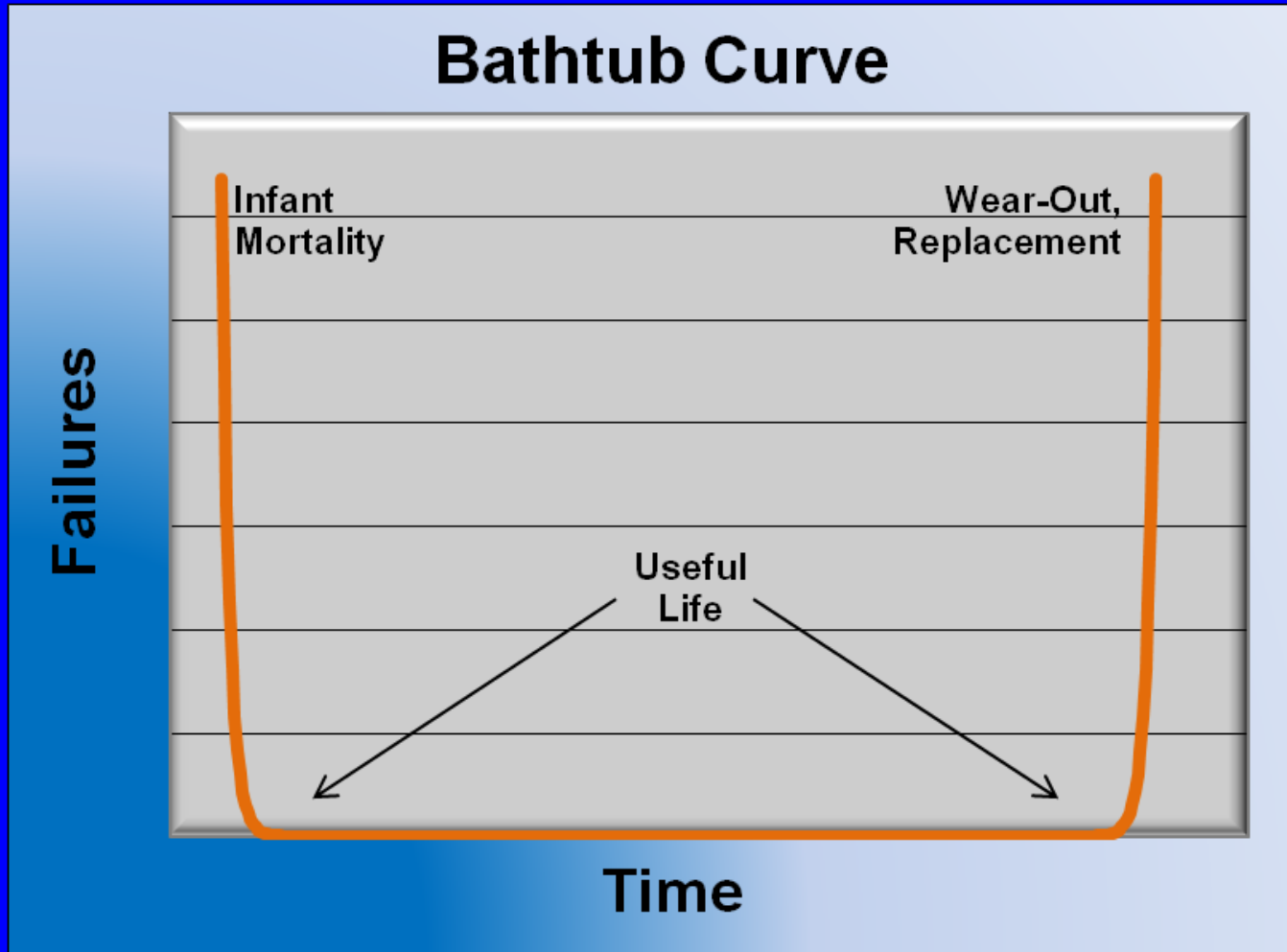
# Protection Costs

$$C_d \quad \bullet \quad C_d - \text{relay and installation}$$

$$C_x \int_0^t \rho(t) dt \quad \bullet \quad C_x - \text{maintenance}$$

$$C_t \frac{MTTR}{MTTF} \int_0^t \rho(t) dt \quad \bullet \quad C_d - \text{downtime}$$

# Relay Failures Over Time



# Mean Time To Failure

## $\lambda$ Constant During Useful Life

$$MTTF = \int_0^{\infty} R(t) dt = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\lambda t} dt = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

- $R(t)$  – reliability at time 't'
- $\lambda$  – failure rate
- $e^{-\lambda t}$  – natural log of failure rate (reliability)

# Availability

System Operates Properly During Useful Life

$$A = \frac{MTTF}{MTTR} \quad (MTTF > MTTR)$$

Increase availability

- Maximize MTTF
- Minimize MTTR
- Have on-shelf spares

# Treat On-Shelf Spares Well

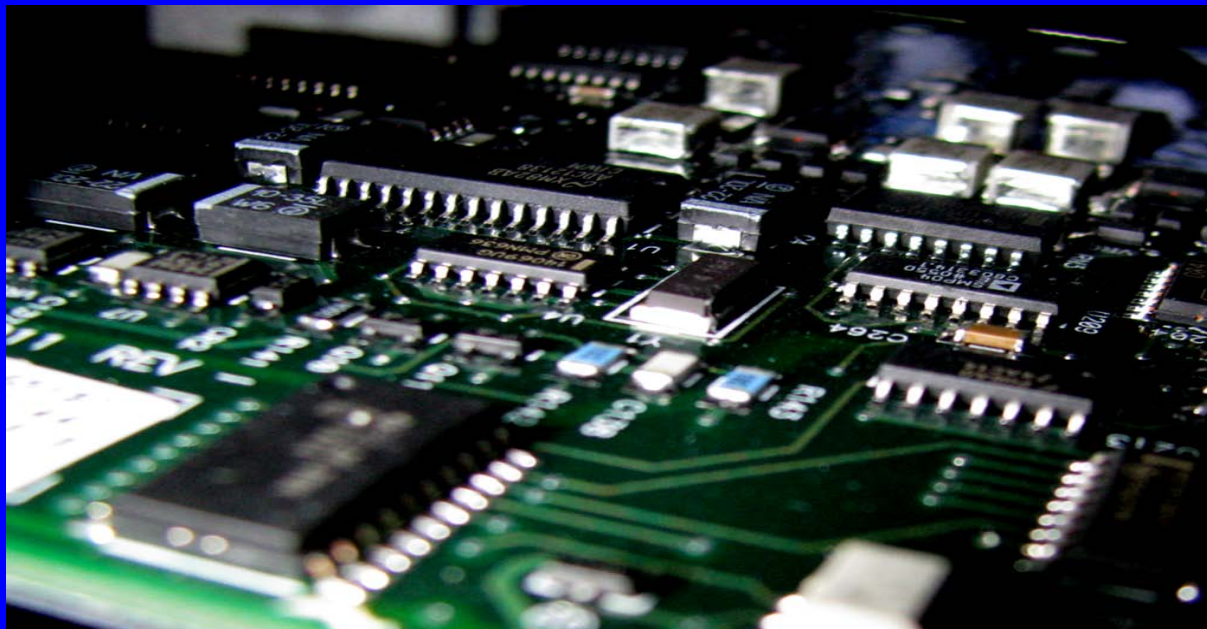
Apply power to spare relays yearly

- 30 minutes
- Keep electrolytic capacitors fresh
- Increases system availability
- Great Intern job



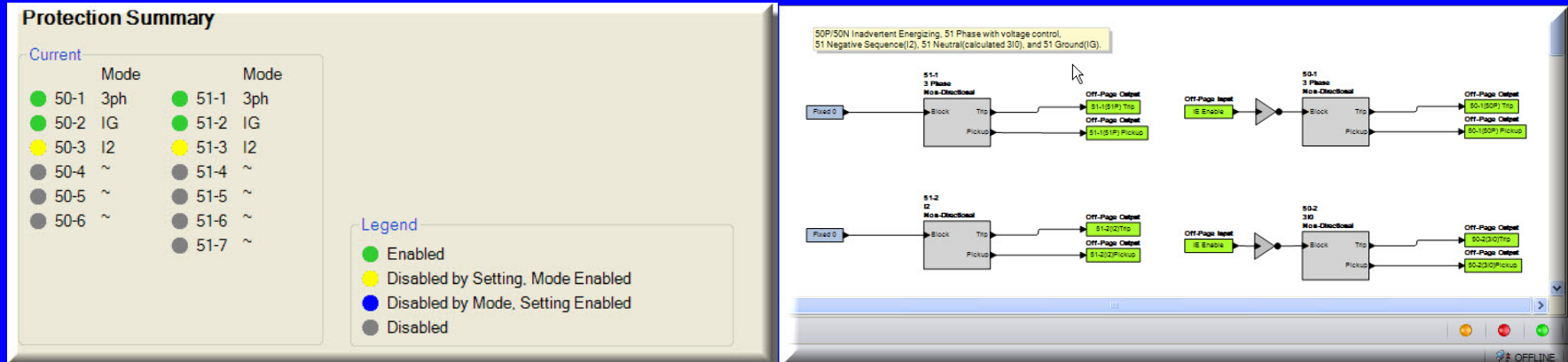
# Upgrade to 2<sup>nd</sup>-Generation Relays

- Hardware advances
  - Faster and better processors
  - Surface-mount component reliability
  - Plug-out more reliable than drawout



# Computers Are Here to Help Us!

- Firmware and software advances
  - Number and type of elements
  - Increased recording and reporting
  - Improved internal diagnoses
- Enhanced relay security
- Smart software for simplicity and settings check



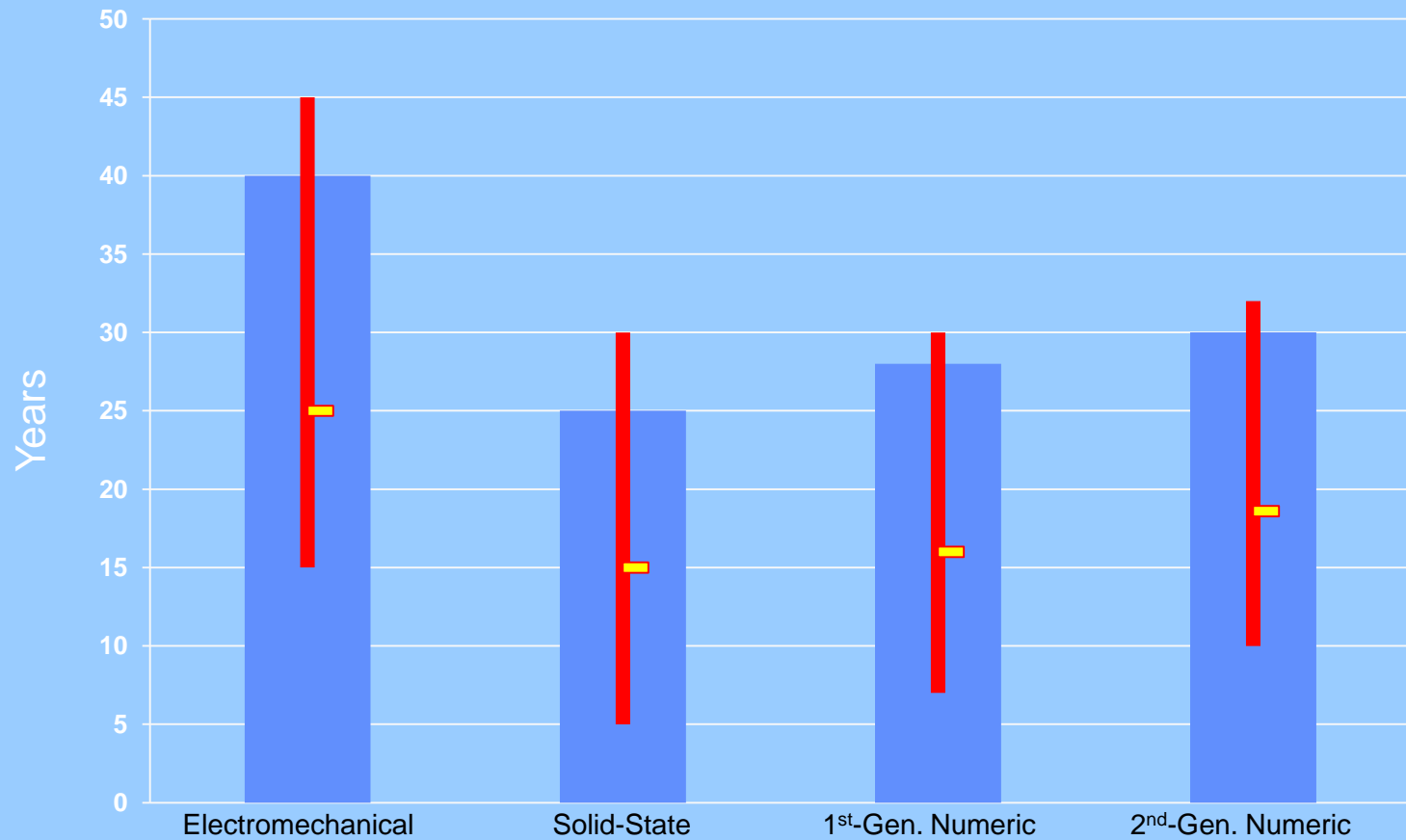


# Main and Backup

- Different vendors is better design
  - Avoid mutual failures
  - Overcome hardware weaknesses
  - Catch faults using dissimilar algorithms



# Relay Longevity by Type



↑ Protection, ↓ Cost, ↓ Space

Old



New



- ...and adds communication
- Space for backup relay or other devices

# Making No Change

- Are you OK with costs of downtime and equipment repairs?
- Are you OK with lead time on motor rewinds?
- Have you backup stock for transformers?
- Be informed: identify high-risk portions of power system!



# Upgrading Costs to Consider

- Drawing changes
- Mounting
- Communication
- Battery size
- Labor
- Downtime
- Maintenance

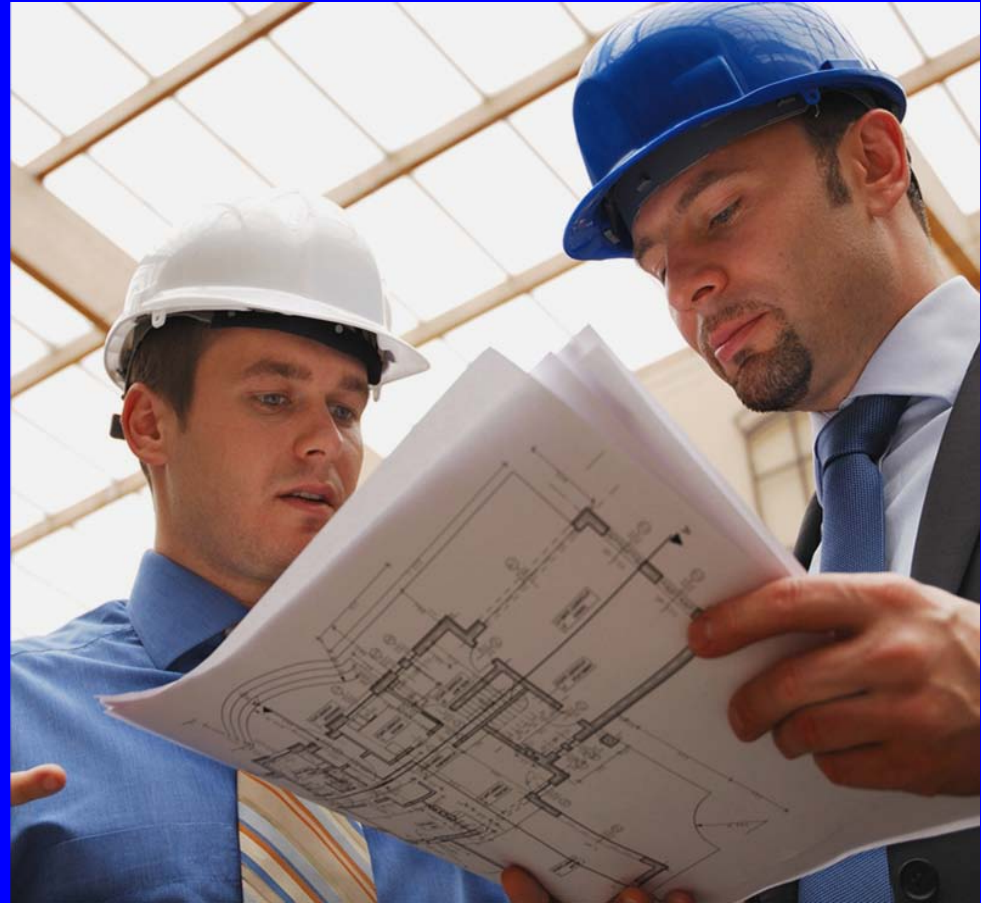


# Upgrading Relays

- Obtain management approval and team acceptance
- Update drawings for new relays / panels
- Order all required materials, tools, and labor
- Develop an outage plan
- Do the installation
- Complete documentation with as-is data
- Responsibly dispose of old equipment
- Report outcome to management

# Management and Team Approval

- Make sure your boss knows ...and approves project
- Have good pre-planning
  - Develop costs and benefits lists
  - Account for unexpected
- Communicate with colleagues and staff





# Update Drawings

- Examine existing documentation
  - Drawings
  - Protection philosophy
- Consult manufacturers' websites
- Develop step-by-step procedures





# Develop Outage Plan

- Safety first!
- Examine hazards
- De-energize if possible
- “Walk through” upcoming work
- Avoid outage cost increases and project delays
- Simplify inspections and commissioning
- Increase personnel productivity



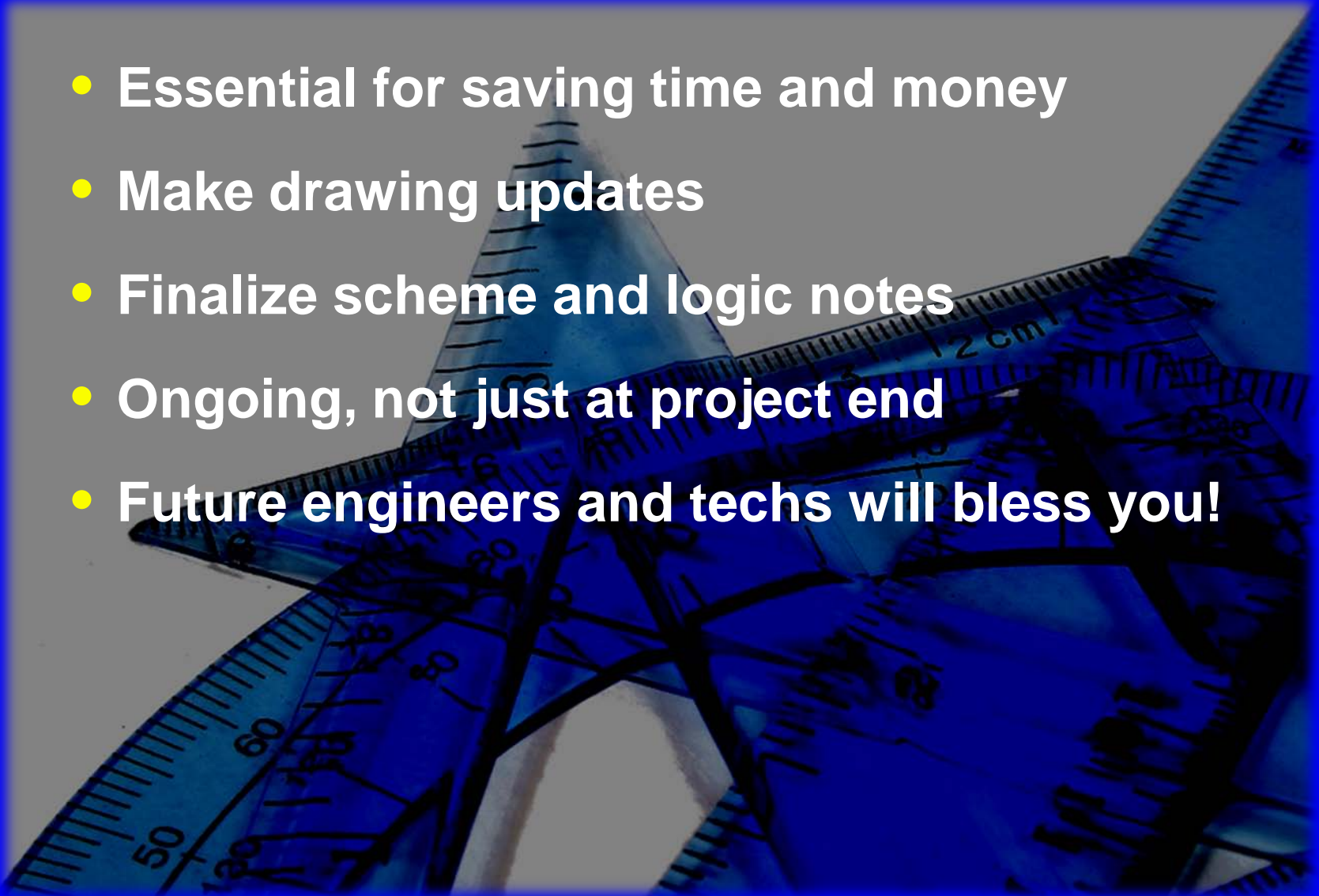
# Order Labor, Material, Tools

- Order relays, test blocks, panels, special tools ...
- Determine terminal designators
- Consider mechanics
- Coordinate labor – buy-in makes job go better



# Complete As-Is Documentation

- Essential for saving time and money
- Make drawing updates
- Finalize scheme and logic notes
- Ongoing, not just at project end
- Future engineers and techs will bless you!



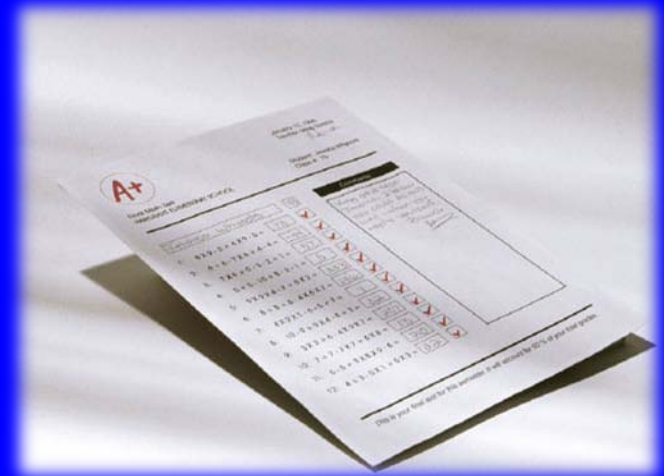
# Dispose of Old Equipment

- Keep lead, cadmium, mercury, and other dangerous chemicals out of refuse landfills
- Donate old equipment to universities and tech schools
- Enhance community goodwill



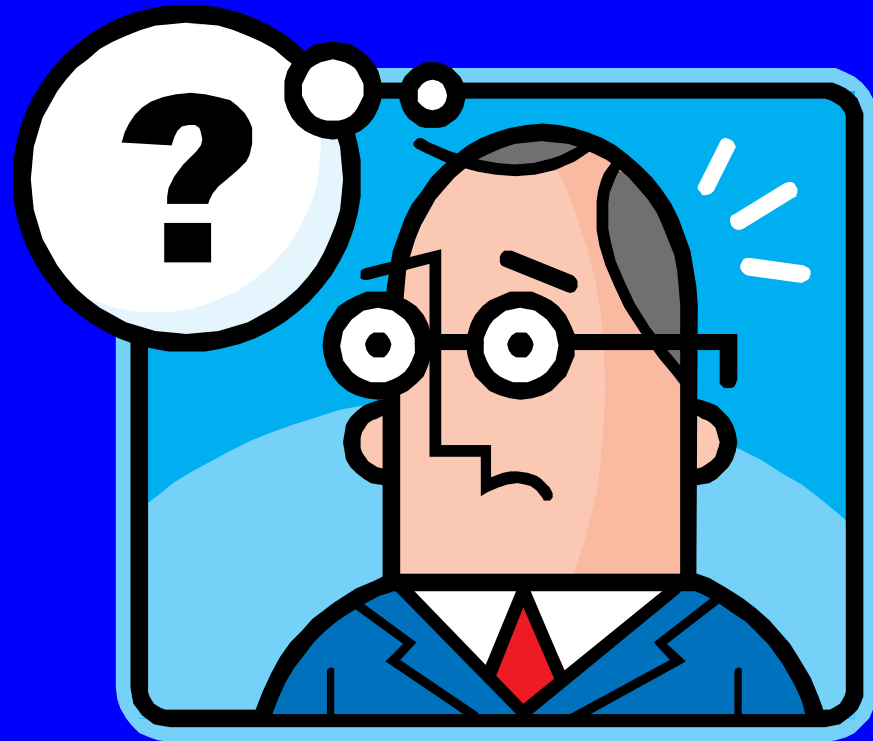
# Report to Management

- Make a formal presentation
  - Confirms project goals
  - Increases management support of next project
- Recognize colleagues' and staffs' achievements
- Write a “lessons learned”



# Application Questions?

- Problems during design and installation?
- Don't struggle!
- CALL!
- Application Engineers want to help you





# Conclusions

- Upgrading gives opportunity for increased protection and cost reduction
- Eliminate failures – replace at end of useful life
- 2<sup>nd</sup>-generation, multi-function relays
  - Better hardware and software
  - More reliable
- Plan work well
  - Document
  - Communicate w/ labor and management

**Thank you!**

**Questions?**